Steels for quenching and tempering —

Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non alloy steels

The European Standard EN 10083-2:2006 has the status of a British Standard

 $ICS \ 77.140.10$



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Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, the EN title page, pages 2 to 37 and a back cover.

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Amendments issued since publication

| Amd. No. | Date | Comments | |
|----------|------|----------|--|
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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 August 2006

 \odot BSI 2006

ISBN 0 580 49098 X

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 10083-2

August 2006

ICS 77.140.10

Supersedes EN 10083-2:1991

English Version

Steels for quenching and tempering - Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non alloy steels

Aciers pour trempe et revenu - Partie 2: Conditions techniques de livraison des aciers non alliés

Vergütungsstähle - Teil 2: Technische Lieferbedingungen für unlegierte Stähle

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 June 2006.

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Ref. No. EN 10083-2:2006: E

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Foreword

This document (EN 10083-2:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee ECISS/TC 23 "Steels for heat treatment, alloy steels and free-cutting steels - Qualities and dimensions", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2007.

This document supersedes EN 10083-2:1991.

Together with Part 1 and Part 3 of this standard, this Part 2 is a revision of the following European Standards:

EN 10083-1:1991 +A1:1996, Quenched and tempered steels – Part 1: Technical delivery conditions for special steels

EN 10083-2: 1991 +A1:1996, Quenched and tempered steels – Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for unalloyed quality steels

EN 10083-3:1995, Quenched and tempered steels – Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for boron steels

and of

EURONORM 86-70, Flame and induction hardening steels – Quality specifications

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This part of EN 10083, in addition to Part 1, specifies the technical delivery requirements for:

- semi-finished products, hot formed, e.g. blooms, billets, slabs (see NOTES 2 and 3 in EN 10083-1:2006, Clause 1),
- bars (see NOTE 2 in EN 10083-1:2006, Clause 1),
- rod,
- wide flats,
- hot-rolled strip and sheet/plate,
- forgings (see NOTE 2 in EN 10083-1:2006, Clause 1),

manufactured from the direct hardening non alloy steels for quenching and tempering and the non alloy flame and induction hardening steels and supplied in one of the heat treatment conditions given for the different types of products in Table 1, lines 2 to 7, and in one of the surface conditions given in Table 2.

The steels are generally intended for the manufacture of quenched and tempered, flame or induction hardened machine parts, but can also be used in the normalized condition.

The requirements for mechanical properties given in this document are restricted to the sizes given in Table 9 and Table 10.

NOTE This document does not apply for bright steel products. For bright steel products EN 10277-1 and EN 10277-5 apply.

In special cases, variations in these technical delivery requirements or additions to them may be agreed at the time of enquiry and order (see Annex A).

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10002-1, Metallic materials – Tensile testing – Part 1: Method of test at ambient temperature

EN 10020, Definition and classification of grades of steel

- EN 10027-1, Designation systems for steels Part 1: Steel names
- EN 10027-2, Designation systems for steel Part 2: Numerical system
- EN 10045-1, Metallic materials Charpy impact test Part 1: Test method
- EN 10083-1:2006, Steels for quenching and tempering Part 1: General technical delivery conditions

EN 10160, Ultrasonic testing of steel flat product of thickness equal or greater than 6 mm (reflection method)

EN 10163-2, Delivery requirements for surface condition of hot-rolled steel plates, wide flats and sections – Part 2: Plate and wide flats

EN 10204, Metallic products – Types of inspection documents

EN 10221, Surface quality classes for hot-rolled bars and rods – Technical delivery conditions

CR 10261, ECISS Information Circular 11 – Iron and steel – Review of available methods of chemical analysis

EN 10308, Non destructive testing – Ultrasonic testing of steel bars

EN ISO 377, Steel and steel products – Location and preparation of samples and test pieces for mechanical testing (ISO 377:1997)

EN ISO 642, Steel – Hardenability test by end quenching (Jominy test) (ISO 642:1999)

EN ISO 643, Steels – Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size (ISO 643:2003)

EN ISO 3887, Steels – Determination of depth of decarburization (ISO 3887:2003)

EN ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials – Brinell hardness test – Part 1: Test method (ISO 6506-1:2005)

EN ISO 6508-1:2005, *Metallic materials* – *Rockwell hardness test* – *Part 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T) (ISO 6508-1:2005)*

EN ISO 14284, Steel and iron – Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition (ISO 14284:1996)

EN ISO 18265, Metallic materials – Conversion of hardness values (ISO 18265:2003)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 10083-1:2006 apply.

4 Classification and designation

4.1 Classification

Steel grades C35, C40, C45, C55 and C60 are classified according to EN 10020 as non alloy quality steels and the other steel grades as non alloy special steels.

4.2 Designation

4.2.1 Steel names

For the steel grades covered by this document, the steel names as given in the relevant tables are allocated in accordance with EN 10027-1.

4.2.2 Steel numbers

For the steel grades covered by this document, the steel numbers as given in the relevant tables are allocated in accordance with EN 10027-2.

5 Information to be supplied by the purchaser

5.1 Mandatory information

See EN 10083-1:2006, 5.1.

5.2 Options

A number of options are specified in this document (listed below). If the purchaser does not indicate his wish to implement any of these options, the supplier shall act in accordance with the basic specification.

- a) any particular heat treatment condition (see 6.3.2);
- b) any particular surface condition (see 6.3.3);
- c) any verification of the product analysis (see 7.1.2.2 and A.6);
- d) any requirement to the hardenability (+H, +HH, +HL) for special steels (see 7.1.3) and if agreed the information concerning calculating hardenability (see 10.3.2);
- e) any verification of mechanical properties of reference test pieces in the quenched and tempered (+QT) or normalized (+N) condition (see A.1 and A.2);
- f) any fine grain requirements (see 7.4 and A.3);
- g) any requirements for the verification of non-metallic inclusion content of special steels (see 7.4 and A.4);
- h) any requirement for internal soundness (see 7.5 and A.5);
- i) any requirement relating to surface quality (see 7.6.3);
- j) any requirement regarding the permissible depth of decarburization of special steels (see 7.6.4);
- k) suitability of bars and rod for bright drawing (see 7.6.5);
- I) any requirement relating to removal of surface defects (see 7.6.6);
- m) inspection of surface condition and dimensions shall be carried out by the purchaser at the manufacturer's works (see 8.1.4);
- n) any requirement concerning special marking of the products (see Clause 11 and A.7).

EXAMPLE

20 round bars with the nominal diameter 20 mm and the nominal length of 8000 mm according to EN 10060 made of steel grade C45E (1.1191), according to EN 10083-2 in the heat treatment condition +A, inspection certificate 3.1 as specified in EN 10204.

20 round bars EN 10060 - 20x8000 EN 10083-2 - C45E+A EN 10204 - 3.1 or

20 round bars EN 10060 - 20x8000 EN 10083-2 - 1.1191+A EN 10204 - 3.1

6 Manufacturing process

6.1 General

The manufacturing process of the steel and of the products is left to the discretion of the manufacturer with the restrictions given by the requirements in 6.2 to 6.4.

6.2 Deoxidation

All steels shall be killed.

6.3 Heat treatment and surface condition at delivery

6.3.1 Untreated condition

Unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the products shall be delivered in the untreated, i.e. hot worked, condition.

NOTE Depending on product shape and dimensions, not all steel grades can be delivered in the hot worked untreated condition (e. g. steel grade C60).

6.3.2 Particular heat treatment condition

If so agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the products shall be delivered in one of the heat-treatment conditions given in Table 1, lines 3 to 7.

6.3.3 Particular surface condition

If so agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the products shall be delivered with one of the particular surface conditions given in Table 2, lines 3 to 7.

6.4 Cast separation

The products shall be delivered separated by cast.

7 Requirements

7.1 Chemical composition, hardenability and mechanical properties

7.1.1 General

Table 1 shows the combinations of usual heat-treatment conditions at delivery, product forms and requirements as specified in Tables 3 to 10.

Except where special steels are ordered in the quenched and tempered condition, the special steels may be supplied with or without hardenability requirements (see Table 1, columns 8 and 9).

7.1.2 Chemical composition

7.1.2.1 The chemical composition determined by cast analysis shall comply with the values in Table 3.

7.1.2.2 Permissible deviations between the limiting values for cast analysis and the values for product analysis are given in Table 4.

The product analysis shall be carried out when specified at the time of the enquiry and order (see A.6).

7.1.3 Hardenability

Where the steel is ordered by using the symbols for normal (+H) or restricted (+HL, +HH) hardenability requirements, the hardenability values given in Table 5, Table 6 or Table 7 shall apply.

7.1.4 Mechanical properties

Where the steel is ordered without hardenability requirements, the requirements for mechanical properties specified in Table 9 or Table 10 apply as appropriate for the particular heat treatment condition.

In this case, the hardenability values given in Table 5 for special steels are for guidance purposes only.

The mechanical property values given in Table 9 and Table 10 apply to test pieces in the quenched and tempered or normalized condition, which have been taken and prepared in accordance with EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 1 or Figures 2 and 3 (see also footnote a in Table 1).

For steel plates > 10 mm thickness and bars > 100 mm diameter in the normalized condition (+N), it may be agreed at the time of enquiry and order that instead of the tensile test the hardness test is performed at the same region, where otherwise the sample for the tensile test piece would be taken from. The hardness test should be performed and from this so that the tensile strength values can be calculated according to EN ISO 18265. The calculated tensile strength shall comply to Table 10.

7.1.5 Surface hardness

For the surface hardness of special steels after flame and induction hardening, the specifications in Table 11 apply.

7.2 Machinability

All steels delivered in the soft annealed (+A) condition are machinable. Where improved machinability is required, the grades with a specified sulphur range should be ordered and/or with a specific treatment to improve machinability (e.g. Ca treatment), see also Table 3, footnote c.

7.3 Shearability of semi-finished products and bars

7.3.1 Under suitable conditions (avoiding local stress peaks, pre-heating, application of blades with a profile adapted to that of the product, etc.), all steels are shearable in the soft-annealed (+A) and normalized (+N) condition.

7.3.2 Steel grades C45, C45E, C45E, C50E, C50R, C55, C55E, C55R, C60, C60E, C60R and 28Mn6 (see Table 8) and the corresponding grades with requirements on hardenability (see Tables 5 to 7) are also shearable under suitable conditions if they are supplied in the "treated to improve shearability (+S)" condition with the hardness requirements as specified in Table 8.

7.3.3 Under suitable conditions, steel grades C22E, C22R, C35, C35E, C35R, C40, C40E and C40R (see Table 8) and the corresponding grades with hardenability requirements (see Tables 5 to 7) are shearable in the untreated condition.

Shearability may also be assumed for steel grades C45, C45E and C45R with dimensions greater than 80 mm and in the untreated condition.

7.4 Structure

7.4.1 Unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the grain size shall be left to the discretion of the manufacturer. If a fine grain structure is required in accordance with a reference treatment, special requirement A.3 shall be ordered.

If steels C35E, C35R, C45E, C45R, C50E, C50R, C55E and C55R are intended for flame or induction hardening, special requirement A.3 shall be ordered in any case.

7.4.2 The special steels shall have a degree of cleanness corresponding to the special steel quality (see A.4 and EN 10083-1:2006, Annex E).

7.5 Internal soundness

Where appropriate, requirements relating to the internal soundness of products shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order, if possible with reference to European standards. EN 10160 specifies requirements of ultrasonic testing of flat products of thickness equal to or greater than 6 mm and EN 10308 specifies requirements of ultrasonic testing of steel bars (see A.5).

7.6 Surface quality

7.6.1 All products shall have a smooth finish appropriate to the manufacturing processes applied, see also 6.3.3..

7.6.2 Minor surface imperfections which may also occur under normal manufacturing conditions, such as scores originating from rolled-in scale in the case of hot-rolled products, shall not be regarded as defects.

7.6.3 Where appropriate, requirements relating to the surface quality of the products shall be agreed on at the time of enquiry and order, if possible with reference to European standards.

Sheet/plate and wide flats are delivered with surface class A, subclass 1 according to EN 10163-2 unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

Bars and rods are delivered with surface class A according to EN 10221 unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

7.6.4 Requirements relating to the permissible depth of decarburization may be agreed at the time of enquiry and order for special steels.

The depth of decarburization shall be determined in accordance with the micrographic method specified in EN ISO 3887.

7.6.5 If suitability of bars and rods for bright drawing is required, this shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

7.6.6 The removal of surface defects by welding shall only be permitted with the approval of the customer or his or her representative.

If surface discontinuities are repaired, the method and maximum depth of removal shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

7.7 Dimensions, tolerances on dimensions and shape

The nominal dimensions, tolerances on dimensions and shape for the product shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order, if possible, with reference to the dimensional standards applicable (see EN 10083-1:2006, Annex D).

8 Inspection

8.1 Testing procedures and types of documents

8.1.1 Products complying with this document shall be ordered and delivered with one of the inspection documents as specified in EN 10204. The type of document shall be agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order. If the order does not contain any specification of this type, a test report shall be issued.

8.1.2 For information to be included in a test report, see EN 10083-1:2006, 8.1.2.

8.1.3 For information to be included in an inspection certificate, see EN 10083-1:2006, 8.1.3.

8.1.4 Unless otherwise agreed at the time of the order, inspection of the surface quality and dimensions shall be carried out by the manufacturer.

8.2 Frequency of testing

8.2.1 Sampling

Sampling shall be in accordance with Table 12.

8.2.2 Test units

The test units and the extent of testing shall be in accordance with Table 12.

8.3 Tests to be carried out for specific inspection

8.3.1 Verification of hardenability, hardness and mechanical properties

For steels being ordered without hardenability requirements, i.e. without the symbol +H, +HH or +HL in the designation, the hardness requirements or mechanical properties given for the relevant heat-treatment condition in Table 1, Column 8, subclause 2, shall with the following exception be verified. The requirement given in Table 1, footnote a (mechanical properties of reference test pieces), is only to be verified if supplementary requirement A.1 or A.2 is ordered.

For special steels being ordered with the symbol +H, +HH or +HL in the designation (see Tables 5 to 7), unless otherwise agreed, only hardenability requirements according to Tables 5, 6 or 7 shall be verified.

8.3.2 Visual and dimensional inspection

A sufficient number of products shall be inspected to ensure compliance with the specification.

9 Preparation of samples and test pieces

9.1 Selection and preparation of samples for chemical analysis

The preparation of samples for product analysis shall be in accordance with EN ISO 14284.

9.2 Location and orientation of samples and test pieces for mechanical tests

9.2.1 Preparation of samples

Preparation of samples shall be in accordance with Table 12 and EN 10083-1:2006, 9.2.1.

9.2.2 Preparation of test pieces

Preparation of test pieces shall be in accordance with Table 12 and EN 10083-1:2006, 9.2.2.

9.3 Location and preparation of samples for hardness and hardenability tests

See Table 12.

9.4 Identification of samples and test pieces

Samples and test pieces shall be marked so that the original products and their location and orientation in the product is known.

10 Test methods

10.1 Chemical analysis

See EN 10083-1:2006, 10.1.

10.2 Mechanical tests

See Table 12 and EN 10083-1:2006, 10.2.

10.3 Hardness and hardenability tests

10.3.1 Hardness in treatment conditions +A and +S

For products in treatment conditions +A (soft annealed) and +S (treated to improve shearability), the hardness shall be measured in accordance with EN ISO 6506-1.

10.3.2 Verification of hardenability

As far as available the manufacturer has the option to verify the hardenability by calculation. The calculation method is left to the discretion of the manufacturer. If agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the manufacturer shall give sufficient information about the calculation for the customer to confirm the result.

If a calculation formula is not available or in the case of a dispute an end quench hardenability test shall be carried out in accordance with EN ISO 642. The temperature for quenching shall comply with Table 13. The hardness values shall be determined in accordance with EN ISO 6508-1, scale C.

10.3.3 Surface hardness

The surface hardness of steels after flame or induction hardening (see Table 11) shall be determined in accordance with EN ISO 6508-1, scale C.

10.4 Retests

See EN 10083-1:2006, 10.4

11 Marking, labelling, packaging

The manufacturer shall mark the products or the bundles or boxes in a suitable way so that it is possible to determine the cast, the steel grade and the origin of the delivery (see A.7).

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | | | 9 | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Heat | Symbol | | x indi | cates ap | plicable for | | Applic | able requiremen | ts if the stee | el is ordered | d with the des | ignation given in |
| | treatment condition at | | Semi- | Bars | Rod | Flat | Hammer | | Table 3 | | Tab | oles 5, 6 or 7 | (special steels only) |
| | delivery | | finished products | | | products | and drop forgings | 8.1 | 8.2 | | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.3 |
| 2 | Untreated | none or +U | x | х | x | x | x | | а | а | | | |
| 3 | Treated to improve shearability | +S | x | x | - | x | - | | Maximum hardness | Table 8 column +S ^a | | | Hardenability values |
| 4 | Soft annealed | +A | x | x | x | x ^b | x | Chemical composition according to | hardhood | Table 8 column +A ^a | As in colu and 8.2 (s b in Table | (see footnote | according to Table 5, 6 or 7 |
| 5 | Normalized ^c | +N | - | х | - | Xp | x | Tables 3 and 4 | Mechanical | Table 10 | | | |
| 6 | Quenched and tempered | +QT | - | х | x | x ^b | x | | properties according to | Table 9 | | | Not Applicable |
| 7 | Others | | | | | | | chieve a certain upsetting and co | | | | | and order. The treatment |
| а | | | | | | | | and "soft anneal cation on referen | | | | s specified in | Tables 9 and 10 shall be |
| b | It is not possible | e to deliver a | II dimensions | of flat pr | oducts i | n this heat-tre | eatment condi | tion. | | | | | |
| с | Normalizing ma | av he renlace | d by normaliz | ina formi | na | | | | | | | | |

Table 1 — Combinations of usual heat-treatment conditions at delivery, product forms and requirements as specified in Tables 3 to 10

Normalizing may be replaced by normalizing forming.

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|---------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------|------------|------------------|---|-------|
| 1 | Surface condition | on at delivery | Symbol | | x indica | ates in ge | neral applic | able for | Notes |
| | | | | Semi-finished products (such as blooms, billets) | Bars | Rod | Flat products | Hammer and drop forgings (see Note 2 in EN 10083-1:2006, Clause 1) | |
| 2 | Unless otherwise agreed | Hot worked | None or +HW | x | x | x | x | x | - |
| 3 | Particular conditions supplied by | Unformed continuously cast | +CC | x | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | agreement | Hot worked and pickled | +PI | x | х | x | x | x | a |
| 5 | | Hot worked and blast cleaned | +BC | x | x | x | x | x | a |
| 6 | | Hot worked and rough machined | +RM | - | x | x | - | x | - |
| 7 | | Others | | | | | | | |
| ^a In add | ition, it may be a | greed that the proc | ducts be oil | ed or, where appr | opriate, li | med or pl | hosphated. | | |

Table 2 — Surface condition at delivery

| Steel desig | gnation | | | (| Chemical co | mposition (% by mas | ss) ^{a,b,c} | | | |
|-------------|---------|----------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------|------|-------------------|
| Name | Number | C ^d | Si | Mn | Р | s | Cr | Мо | Ni | Cr + Mo + Ni |
| | | | max. | | max. | | max. | max. | max. | max. ^d |
| | | | | Qı | ality steels | | | | | |
| C35 | 1.0501 | 0,32 to 0,39 | 0,40 | 0,50 to 0,80 | 0,045 | max. 0,045 | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C40 | 1.0511 | 0,37 to 0,44 | 0,40 | 0,50 to 0,80 | 0,045 | max. 0,045 | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C45 | 1.0503 | 0,42 to 0,50 | 0,40 | 0,50 to 0,80 | 0,045 | max. 0,045 | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C55 | 1.0535 | 0,52 to 0,60 | 0,40 | 0,60 to 0,90 | 0,045 | max. 0,045 | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C60 | 1.0601 | 0,57 to 0,65 | 0,40 | 0,60 to 0,90 | 0,045 | max. 0,045 | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| | | | | Sp | ecial steels | | | | | |
| C22E | 1.1151 | 0,17 to 0,24 | 0,40 | 0,40 to 0,70 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C22R | 1.1149 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| C35E | 1.1181 | 0,32 to 0,39 | 0,40 | 0,50 to 0,80 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C35R | 1.1180 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| C40E | 1.1186 | 0,37 to 0,44 | 0,40 | 0,50 to 0,80 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C40R | 1.1189 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| C45E | 1.1191 | 0,42 to 0,50 | 0,40 | 0,50 to 0,80 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C45R | 1.1201 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| C50E | 1.1206 | 0,47 to 0,55 | 0,40 | 0,60 to 0,90 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C50R | 1.1241 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| C55E | 1.1203 | 0,52 to 0,60 | 0,40 | 0,60 to 0,90 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C55R | 1.1209 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| C60E | 1.1221 | 0,57 to 0,65 | 0,40 | 0,60 to 0,90 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |
| C60R | 1.1223 | | | | | 0,020 to 0,040 | | | | |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | 0,25 to 0,32 | 0,40 | 1,30 to 1,65 | 0,030 | max. 0,035 ^e | 0,40 | 0,10 | 0,40 | 0,63 |

Table 3 — Steel grades and chemical composition (cast analysis)

^a Elements not quoted in this table shall not be intentionally added to the steel without the agreement of the purchaser, other than for the purpose of finishing the heat. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent the addition of such elements from scrap or other material used in the manufacture which affect the hardenability, mechanical properties and applicability.

^b Where requirements are made on hardenability of special steels (see Tables 5 to 7), slight deviations from the limits for the cast analysis are permissible, except for the elements carbon (see footnote d), phosphorus and sulphur; the deviations shall not exceed the specifications of Table 4.

^c Steels with improved machinability as a result of the addition of higher sulphur contents up to around 0,10% S (including resulphurized steels with controlled inclusion content (e.g. Ca-treatment)) may be supplied upon request. In this case, the upper limit for the manganese content may be increased by 0,15 %.

^d If special steels are ordered without hardenability requirements (symbols +H, +HH, +HL) or without mechanical property requirements in the quenched and tempered or normalized condition, a restriction in the carbon range to 0,05 % and/or the total sum of the elements Cr, Mo and Ni to ≤ 0,45 % may be agreed at the time of ordering.

^e If agreed at the time of enquiry and order, for flat products, sulphur is restricted to maximum 0,010 % by mass.

| Element | Permissible maximum co analysis | ntent in the cast | Permissible deviation ^a |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | % by mass | S | % by mass |
| С | | ≤ 0,55 | ± 0,02 |
| | > 0,55 | ≤ 0,65 | ± 0,03 |
| Si | | ≤ 0,40 | + 0,03 |
| Mn | | ≤ 1,00 | ± 0,04 |
| | > 1,00 | ≤ 1,65 | ± 0,05 |
| Р | | ≤ 0,045 | + 0,005 |
| S | | ≤ 0,045 | + 0,005 ^b |
| Cr | | ≤ 0,40 | + 0,05 |
| Мо | | ≤ 0,10 | + 0,03 |
| Ni | | ≤ 0,40 | + 0,05 |
| ^a ± means | that in one cast, the devia | tion may occur o | ver the upper value |

Table 4 — Permissible deviations between the product analysis and the limiting values given in Table 3 for the cast analysis

 a \pm means that in one cast, the deviation may occur over the upper value or under the lower value of the specified range in Table 3, but not both at the same time.

^b For steels with a specified sulphur range (0,020% to 0,040% according to cast analysis) the permissible deviation is \pm 0,005%.

| Steel des | ignation | Symbol | Limits of | | | | | | Dist | ance ir | n mm fi | rom qu | encheo | dend | | | | | |
|-----------|----------|--------|-----------|-----|----|----|----|----|------|---------|---------|---------|--------|------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | range | | | | | | | Н | lardnes | s in HF | RC | | | | | | |
| Name | Number | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| C35E | 1.1181 | +H | max. | 58 | 57 | 55 | 53 | 49 | 41 | 34 | 31 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | - | - | - |
| C35R | 1.1180 | | min. | 48 | 40 | 33 | 24 | 22 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C40E | 1.1186 | +H | max. | 60 | 60 | 59 | 57 | 53 | 47 | 39 | 34 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | - | - | - |
| C40R | 1.1189 | | min. | 51 | 46 | 35 | 27 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C45E | 1.1191 | +H | max. | 62 | 61 | 61 | 60 | 57 | 51 | 44 | 37 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | - | - | - |
| C45R | 1.1201 | | min. | 55 | 51 | 37 | 30 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | - | - | - |
| C50E | 1.1206 | +H | max. | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 58 | 55 | 50 | 43 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 29 | 28 |
| C50R | 1.1241 | | min. | 56 | 53 | 44 | 34 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 20 | - |
| C55E | 1.1203 | +H | max. | 65 | 64 | 63 | 62 | 60 | 57 | 52 | 45 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 |
| C55R | 1.1209 | | min. | 58 | 55 | 47 | 37 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 22 | 20 |
| C60E | 1.1221 | +H | max. | 67 | 66 | 65 | 63 | 62 | 59 | 54 | 47 | 39 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 31 | 30 |
| C60R | 1.1223 | | min. | 60 | 57 | 50 | 39 | 35 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 23 | 21 |
| | | | | 1,5 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | - |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | +H | max. | 54 | 53 | 51 | 48 | 44 | 41 | 38 | 35 | 31 | 29 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 24 | - |
| | | | min. | 45 | 42 | 37 | 27 | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 5 — Limiting values for the "C" scale Rockwell hardness for special steel grades with (normal) hardenability requirements (+H grades)

| Steel desig | nation | Symbol | Distance i | n mm from the end | quenched |
|-------------|--------|--------|------------|----------------------|----------|
| | | | | HRC hardness | 6 |
| Name | Number | | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| C35E | 1.1181 | +HH4 | - | 34 to 53 | - |
| | | +HH14 | 51 to 58 | 34 to 53 | - |
| C35R | 1.1180 | +HL4 | - | 24 to 43 | - |
| | | +HL14 | 48 to 55 | 24 to 43 | - |
| C40E | 1.1186 | +HH4 | - | 38 to 57 | - |
| | | +HH14 | 54 to 60 | 38 to 57 | - |
| C40R | 1.1189 | +HL4 | - | 27 to 46 | - |
| | | +HL14 | 51 to 57 | 27 to 46 | - |
| C45E | 1.1191 | +HH4 | - | 41 to 60 | - |
| | | +HH14 | 57 to 62 | 41 to 60 | - |
| C45R | 1.1201 | +HL4 | - | 30 to 49 | - |
| | | +HL14 | 55 to 60 | 30 to 49 | - |
| C50E | 1.1206 | +HH5 | - | - | 40 to 58 |
| | | +HH15 | 58 to 63 | - | 40 to 58 |
| C50R | 1.1241 | +HL5 | - | - | 31 to 49 |
| | | +HL15 | 56 to 61 | - | 31 to 49 |
| C55E | 1.1203 | +HH5 | - | - | 42 to 60 |
| | | +HH15 | 60 to 65 | - | 42 to 60 |
| C55R | 1.1209 | +HL5 | - | - | 33 to 51 |
| | | +HL15 | 58 to 63 | - | 33 to 51 |
| C60E | 1.1221 | +HH5 | - | - | 44 to 62 |
| | | +HH15 | 62 to 67 | - | 44 to 62 |
| C60R | 1.1223 | +HL5 | - | - | 35 to 53 |
| | | +HL15 | 60 to 65 | - | 35 to 53 |

Table 6 — Limiting values for the "C" scale Rockwell hardness for special steel grades with restricted hardenability scatter bands (+HH and +HL grades)

| Steel des | signation | Symbol | Limits of | | Distance in mm from quenched end | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----|----------------------------------|----|----|----|----|-----|------|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | range | | | | | | | HRC | Hard | Iness | | | | | | |
| Name | Number | | | 1,5 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | +HH | max. | 54 | 53 | 51 | 48 | 44 | 41 | 38 | 35 | 31 | 29 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 24 |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | | min. | 48 | 46 | 42 | 34 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | +HL | max. | 51 | 49 | 46 | 41 | 35 | 32 | 29 | 26 | 22 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | min. | 45 | 42 | 37 | 27 | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 7 — Limiting values for the "C" scale Rockwell hardness for special steel grade 28Mn6 with restricted hardenability scatter bands (+HH and +HL grades)

Table 8 — Maximum hardness for products to be supplied in the "treated to improve shearability (+S)" or "soft annealed (+A)" condition

| Steel designation ^a | | Max. HBW ir | n condition ^b |
|---|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Name | Number | +S | +A |
| | Quality stee | els | |
| C35 | 1.0501 | _c | - |
| C40 | 1.0511 | _ ^c | - |
| C45 | 1.0503 | 255° | 207 |
| C55 | 1.0535 | 255 ^d | 229 |
| C60 | 1.0601 | 255 ^d | 241 |
| | Special ste | els | |
| C22E, C22R | 1.1151, 1.1149 | _c | - |
| C35E, C35R | 1.1181, 1.1180 | _ ^c | - |
| C40E, C40R | 1.1186, 1.1189 | - ^c | - |
| C45E, C45R | 1.1191, 1.1201 | 255° | 207 |
| C50E, C50R | 1.1206, 1.1241 | 255 | 217 |
| C55E, C55R | 1.1203, 1.1209 | 255 ^d | 229 |
| C60E, C60R | 1.1221, 1.1223 | 255 ^d | 241 |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | 255 | 223 |
| | o for the special steel grades) covered in Tab | | |
| ^b The values are not a further deformed. | pplicable to slabs whic | ch have been continu | ously cast and not |
| ^c See 7.3.3. | | | |
| 1 0 | chemical composition e of the +HH-grades, s | , | ' |

| | | d≤1 | | ing sect | on (see | | 3-1:2006, Anne > 16 mm | , | | ieter (a) | or for fia | 40 mm < c | ., | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|------|------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|------|------|-----------------|
| | | t≤8 | | | | | 8 mm < : | | | | | 20 mm < | | | |
| Name Number | R _e | R _m | Α | Ζ | кv ^b | R _e | R _m | Α | Ζ | KV ^b | R _e | R _m | Α | Ζ | KV ^b |
| | min. | | min. | min. | min. | min. | | min. | min. | min. | min. | | min. | min. | min. |
| | | MPa ^c | % | % | J | | MPa ^c | % | % | J | | MPa ^c | % | % | J |
| | | | | | - | Qu | ality steels | | | | | | | | |
| C35 1.0501 | 430 | 630 to 780 | 17 | 40 | - | 380 | 600 to 750 | 19 | 45 | - | 320 | 550 to 700 | 20 | 50 | - |
| C40 1.0511 | 460 | 650 to 800 | 16 | 35 | - | 400 | 630 to 780 | 18 | 40 | - | 350 | 600 to 750 | 19 | 45 | - |
| C45 1.0503 | 490 | 700 to 850 | 14 | 35 | - | 430 | 650 to 800 | 16 | 40 | - | 370 | 630 to 780 | 17 | 45 | - |
| C55 1.0535 | 550 | 800 to 950 | 12 | 30 | - | 490 | 750 to 900 | 14 | 35 | - | 420 | 700 to 850 | 15 | 40 | - |
| C60 1.0601 | 580 | 850 to 1 000 | 11 | 25 | - | 520 | 800 to 950 | 13 | 30 | - | 450 | 750 to 900 | 14 | 35 | - |
| | | | | | - | Sp | ecial steels | | | | | | | | |
| C22E 1.1151 C22R 1.1149 | 340 | 500 to 650 | 20 | 50 | - | 290 | 470 to 620 | 22 | 50 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - |
| C35E 1.1181 | 430 | 630 to 780 | 17 | 40 | - | 380 | 600 to 750 | 19 | 45 | 35 | 320 | 550 to 700 | 20 | 50 | 35 |
| C35R 1.1180 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C40E 1.1186 | 460 | 650 to 800 | 16 | 35 | - | 400 | 630 to 780 | 18 | 40 | 30 | 350 | 600 to 750 | 19 | 45 | 30 |
| C40R 1.1189 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C45E 1.1191 | 490 | 700 to 850 | 14 | 35 | - | 430 | 650 to 800 | 16 | 40 | 25 | 370 | 630 to 780 | 17 | 45 | 25 |
| C45R 1.1201 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C50E 1.1206 | 520 | 750 to 900 | 13 | 30 | - | 460 | 700 to 850 | 15 | 35 | - | 400 | 650 to 800 | 16 | 40 | - |
| C50R 1.1241 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C55E 1.1203 | 550 | 800 to 950 | 12 | 30 | - | 490 | 750 to 900 | 14 | 35 | - | 420 | 700 to 850 | 15 | 40 | - |
| C55R 1.1209 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C60E 1.1221 | 580 | 850 to 1 000 | 11 | 25 | - | 520 | 800 to 950 | 13 | 30 | - | 450 | 750 to 900 | 14 | 35 | - |
| C60R 1.1223 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28Mn6 1.1170 | 590 | 800 to 950 | 13 | 40 | - | 490 | 700 to 850 | 15 | 45 | 40 | 440 | 650 to 800 | 16 | 50 | 40 |

| | • | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------|
| Table 9 — Mechanical | properties ^a at room terr | perature in the quen | nched and temper | red condition (| +QT) |

^c 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²

| Steel des | ignation | Mechanic | al properties fo | r products with | a diameter (<i>d</i>) or, | for flat produc | ts, a thickness | s (<i>t</i>) of | | | |
|-----------|----------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------------|--|-----------|--|
| | | | d ≤ 16 r t ≤ 16 r | | | 16 mm < <i>d</i> ≤ 1 16 mm < <i>t</i> ≤ 1 | | | 100 mm < <i>d</i> ≤ 250 mm 100 mm < <i>t</i> ≤ 250 mm | | |
| Name | Number | R _e min. | R _m min. | A min. | R _e min. | R _m min. | A min. | R _e min. | R _m min. | A min. | |
| | | MPa ^c | MPa ^c | % | MPa ^c | MPa ^c | % | MPa ^c | MPa ^c | % | |
| | | | | | Quality stee | els | | | | | |
| C35 | 1.0501 | 300 | 550 | 18 | 270 | 520 | 19 | 245 | 500 | 19 | |
| C40 | 1.0511 | 320 | 580 | 16 | 290 | 550 | 17 | 260 | 530 | 17 | |
| C45 | 1.0503 | 340 | 620 | 14 | 305 | 580 | 16 | 275 | 560 | 16 | |
| C55 | 1.0535 | 370 | 680 | 11 | 330 | 640 | 12 | 300 | 620 | 12 | |
| C60 | 1.0601 | 380 | 710 | 10 | 340 | 670 | 11 | 310 | 650 | 11 | |
| | | | | | Special stee | els ^b | | | | | |
| C22E | 1.1151 | 240 | 430 | 24 | 210 | 410 | 25 | - | - | - | |
| C22R | 1.1149 | | | | | | | | | | |
| C35E | 1.1181 | 300 | 550 | 18 | 270 | 520 | 19 | 245 | 500 | 19 | |
| C35R | 1.1180 | | | | | | | | | | |
| C40E | 1.1186 | 320 | 580 | 16 | 290 | 550 | 17 | 260 | 530 | 17 | |
| C40R | 1.1189 | | | | | | | | | | |
| C45E | 1.1191 | 340 | 620 | 14 | 305 | 580 | 16 | 275 | 560 | 16 | |
| C45R | 1.1201 | | | | | | | | | | |
| C50E | 1.1206 | 355 | 650 | 13 | 320 | 610 | 14 | 290 | 590 | 14 | |
| C50R | 1.1241 | | | | | | | | | | |
| C55E | 1.1203 | 370 | 680 | 11 | 330 | 640 | 12 | 300 | 620 | 12 | |
| C55R | 1.1209 | | | | | | | | | | |
| C60E | 1.1221 | 380 | 710 | 10 | 340 | 670 | 11 | 310 | 650 | 11 | |
| C60R | 1.1223 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | 345 | 630 | 17 | 310 | 600 | 18 | 290 | 590 | 18 | |

Table 10 — Mechanical properties^a at room temperature in the normalized condition (+N)

 $R_{\rm e}$: Upper yield strength or, if no yield phenomenon occurs, the 0,2 % proof strength $R_{\rm p0,2}$. $R_{\rm m}$: Tensile strength.

A: Percentage elongation after fracture (gauge length L_0 = 5,65 $\sqrt{S_0}$; see Table 12, column 7a, line T4).

^b The values also apply for the special steel grades with hardenability requirements (+H, +HH and +HL grades) as specified in Tables 5 to 7.

^c 1 MPa = 1 N/mm².

| Steel designation | า | Surface hardness ^a | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name | Number | HRC | | | | |
| | | min. | | | | |
| C35E/C35R | 1.1181/1.1180 | 48 | | | | |
| C45E/C45R | 1.1191/1.1201 | 55 | | | | |
| C50E/C50R | 1.1206/1.1241 | 56 | | | | |
| C55E/C55R | 1.1203/1.1209 | 58 | | | | |
| existing aft according to relieving at 15 The same va and surface sections up to | er quenching and the conditions giv 0 °C to 180 °C for about alues may also be a hardening, subject 100 mm diamete | sections up to 100 mm for the condition tempering and surface hardening en in Table 13, followed by stress at 1h. greed for the condition after normalizing to the same conditions, for cross- er. It should be noted that surface rdness values in the surface. | | | | |

Table 11 — Surface hardness for special steels after flame or induction hardening

| 1 | 2 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | (Supplement to Table 12) | , columns 6 and 7) |
|-----|----------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------|---|---|
| No. | Requirements | | Test | Extent c | of testing | | | | 6a | 7a |
| | | _ | unit ^a | Number of products per | Number of tests per product | Sampling and sample preparation | Test method to be applied | Line | Sampling and sample preparation | Test method to be applied |
| | | See Table | | test unit | | (see in the supp table, line T1 | | T1 | General conditions The general conditions for selection and | |
| 1 | Chemical composition | 3 + 4 | С | | | y the manufacture se A.6 in Annex A | | | for steel shall be in accordance with EN ISO 377 and EN ISO 14284. | |
| 2 | Hardenability | 5 to 7 | С | 1 | 1 | T2 | | T2 | End quench hardenability test. In the case of dispute if possible the sampling method given below shall be used: — the test piece shall be producedby machining in the case of diameters ≤ 40 mm; — the bar shall be reduced by forging to a diameter of 40 mm in the case of diameters > 40 ≤ 150 mm; — in the case of diameters > 150 mm the test piece shall be taken such that, its axis lies 20 mm below the surface. In all other cases, the sampling method which starts from separately cast and subsequently hot worked test ingots or from cast and not hot worked samples is, unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order, left to the discretion of the manufacturer. | In accordance with EN ISO 642. The temperature for quenching shall comply with Table 13. The hardness values shall be determined in accordance with EN ISO 6508-1, scale C. |

Table 12 — Test conditions for the verification of the requirements given in column 2

| Table 12 - | (continued) |
|------------|-------------|
|------------|-------------|

| 1 | 2 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | (Supplement to Table 12, columns | 6 and 7) |
|-----|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| No. | Requirements | | Test unit ^a | Extent of | testing | | | | 6а | 7a |
| | | | unit | Number of products per | Number of tests per product | Sampling and sample preparation | Test method to be applied | Line | Sampling and sample preparation | Test method to be applied |
| | | See Table | | test unit | | (see in the supple table, line T1 a | | | | |
| 3 | Hardness | | | | | Т3 | | Т3 | Hardness tests | In accordance with EN ISO 6506-1. |
| 3а | in the condition +S or +A | 8 | с | 1 | 1 | T3a | | Т3а | In cases of dispute, the hardness shall, where possible, be determined at the following point on the | |
| | | | +D | | | | | | surface: | |
| | | | +T | | | | | | at a distance of 1x diameter from one end of thebar in the case of round bars; | |
| | | | | | | | | | at a distance of 1 x thickness from one end and 0,25 x thickness from one longitudinal edge of the product in the case of bars with square or rectangular cross-section and also in the case of flat products. | |
| | | | | | | | | | If it should be impossible to comply with the above, e.g. in the case of hammer or drop forgings, the most appropriate position for the hardness indentations shall be agreed at the time of ordering. Specimen preparation shall be in accordance with EN ISO 6506-1. | |
| 3b | Surface hardness | 11 | С | 1 | 1 | T3b | | T3b | The test shall be carried out on a surface which is smooth and even, free from oxide scale and foreign matter. Preparation shall be carried out in such a way that any alteration of the surface hardness is minimized. This shall be taken into account particularly in the case of low-depth indentations (in accordance with EN ISO 6508-1:2005, clause 6). | In accordance with EN ISO 6508-1 |

| Requirements | | Test | Extent of | | | | (Supplement to Table 12, columns 6 and 7) | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | Externt Of | testing | | | | 6a | 7a | | |
| | See Table | unit ^a | Number of products per test unit | Number of tests per product | Sampling and sample preparation (see in the supp table, line T1 | | Line | Sampling and sample preparation | Test method to be applied | | |
| Mechanical properties of | | | | | | | T4 | Tensile test and impact tests | | | |
| quenched and tempered products | 9 10 | C +D +T C +D +T | 1 1 ^b | 1 tensile and 3 Charpy-V- notch impact tests 1 tensile test | | | T4a and T4b | The test pieces for tensile test, and where applicable, the Charpy-V-notch impact tests shall be taken as follows: for bars and rod in accordancewith EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 1; for flat products in accordance with EN10083-1:2006, Figures 2 and 3; in the case of hammer and drop forgings (see note 2 in EN 10083-1:2006, Clause 1),the test pieces shall be taken froma position agreed at the time of ordering in such a way that theirlongitudinal axis lies in the direction of principal grain flow. The tensile test pieces shall be prepared in accordance with EN 10002-1, the impact test pieces in accordance with EN 10045-1. | In cases of dispute the tensile test shall be carried out on proportional test pieces having a gauge length of $L_0 = 5,65 \sqrt{S_0}$ (where S_0 is the original cross-sectional area). Where this is not possible – i.e. for flat products with thickness of < 3 mm – a test piece with constant gauge length as specified in EN 10002-1 shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order. In this case the minimum elongation value to be obtained for these test pieces shall also be agreed. The impact test shall be carried out on Charpy-V-notch test pieces in accordance with EN 10045-1. | | |
| E Verification | of the require | ements is | only necessa | ary if an inspe | ection certificate | is ordered an | d if the require | ment is applicable according to Table 1, column | 8 or 9. | | |
| hicknesses ma | ay be groupe | d if the th | icknesses lie | in the same | dimension range | e for mechanic | cal properties a | and if the differences do not affect the properties. | dicated by "T". Products of different | | |
| | quenched and tempered products normalized products ^C | quenched 9 and 9 tempered 9 products 10 products ^C 10 E Verification of the require The tests shall be carried on hicknesses may be grouped 9 f the product is continuously 10 | quenched and tempered products 9 C +D +D +T +T normalized products ^C 10 C +D +T +D +T +T +D +T +D +D +T +D +T +D +T +T +T +T | quenched and tempered products 9 C 1 +D +T +D +T +D +T normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b +D +T +D +D +T 10 C 1 ^b verification of the requirements is only necessar 10 C 1 ^b E Verification of the requirements is only necessar 10 C 1 ^b F the tests shall be carried out separately for each hicknesses may be grouped if the thicknesses lie f the product is continuously heat treated, one test | quenched and tempered products 9 C 1 1 tensile and 3 Charpy-V- notch impact tests normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test +D +D +D 1 tensile test verification of the requirements is only necessary if an inspect thicknesses may be grouped if the thicknesses lie in the same of the product is continuously heat treated, one test piece shall | quenched and tempered products 9 C 1 1 tensile and 3 Charpy-V- notch impact tests T4 normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4 normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4 expression 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4 expression 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4 expression 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4 products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4 +D +D +D +D 1 test T4 +D +T | quenched and tempered products 9 C 1 1 tensile and 3 Charpy-V- notch impact tests T4a normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b +D +T 1 1 1 event 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b event 10 1 1 tensile test T4b 10 event 10 1 1 tensile test T4b 10 event 10 10 1 1 tensile test 10 10 event 10 10 1 1 tensile test | quenched and tempered products 9 C 1 1 tensile and 3 Charpy-V- notch impact tests T4a T4a and T4b normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b event +D +D +D +D +D +T - 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b verification of the requirements is only necessary if an inspection certificate is ordered and if the require the tests shall be carried out separately for each cast indicated by "C" – for each dimension as indicated by thicknesses may be grouped if the thicknesses lie in the same dimension range for mechanical properties and the same dimension range for mechanical properties and the same dimension range for mechanical properties and the same dimension range for mechanical properties and the same dimension range for mechanical properties and the same dimension range for mechanical properties and the same dimension range | quenched and tempered products 9 C 1 1 tensile and 3 Charpy-V- notch impact tests T4a T4a and T4b The test pieces for tensile test, and where applicable, the Charpy-V-notch impact tests shall be taken as follows: normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b T4b T4a and T4b The test pieces for tensile test, and where applicable, the Charpy-V-notch impact tests shall be taken as follows: normalized products ^C 10 C 1 ^b 1 tensile test T4b T4b T4b In the case of hammer and drop forgings (see note 2 in EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 1; - in the case of hammer and drop forgings (see note 2 in EN 10083-1:2006, Clause 1),the test pieces shall be taken from aposition agreed at the time of ordering in such a way that theirlongitudinal axis lies in the direction of principal grain flow. E Verification of the requirements is only necessary if an inspection certificate is ordered and if the requirement is applicable according to Table 1, column The tests shall be carried out separately for each cast indicated by "C" – for each dimension as indicated by "D" – and for each heat treatment batch as in hicknesses may be grouped if the thicknesses lie in the same dimension range for mechanical properties and if the differences do not affect the properties. ft he product is continuously heat treated, one test piece shall be taken for each 25 t or part thereof, but at least one test piece shall be taken per cast. | | |

Table 12 – (continued)

^c See 7.1.4, last paragraph for a hardness test instead of the tensile test.

| Steel des | ignation | Quenching ^{b,c} | Quenching ^d | Tempering ^e | End quench test | Normalizing ^c | | |
|---|----------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Name | Number | °C | agent | °C | °C | °C | | |
| | | | Quality steels | | · | | | |
| C35 | 1.0501 | 840 to 880 | | | - | 860 to 920 | | |
| C40 | 1.0511 | 830 to 870 | Water or oil | 550 to 660 | - | 850 to 910 | | |
| C45 | 1.0503 | 820 to 860 | | | - | 840 to 900 | | |
| C55 | 1.0535 | 810 to 850 | Oil or water | | - | 825 to 885 | | |
| C60 | 1.0601 | 810 to 850 | | | - | 820 to 880 | | |
| Special steels ^f | | | | | | | | |
| C22E | 1.1151 | 860 to 900 | Water | | - | 880 to 940 | | |
| C22R | 1.1149 | | | | | | | |
| C35E | 1.1181 | 840 to 880 | | | 870 ± 5 | 860 to 920 | | |
| C35R | 1.1180 | | | | | | | |
| C40E | 1.1186 | 830 to 870 | Water or oil | 550 to 660 | 870 ± 5 | 850 to 910 | | |
| C40R | 1.1189 | | | | | | | |
| C45E | 1.1191 | 820 to 860 | | | 850 ± 5 | 840 to 900 | | |
| C45R | 1.1201 | | | | | | | |
| C50E | 1.1206 | 810 to 850 | | | 850 ± 5 | 830 to 890 | | |
| C50R | 1.1241 | | | | | | | |
| C55E | 1.1203 | 810 to 850 | Oil or water | | 830 ± 5 | 825 to 885 | | |
| C55R | 1.1209 | | | | | | | |
| C60E | 1.1221 | 810 to 850 | | | 830 ± 5 | 820 to 880 | | |
| C60R | 1.1223 | | | | | | | |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | 840 to 880 | Water or oil | 540 to 680 | 850 ± 5 | 850 to 890 | | |
| C60 1.0601 810 to 850 - 820 to 880 Special steels ⁴ C22E 1.1151 860 to 900 Water - 880 to 940 C22R 1.1149 - 880 to 940 - 880 to 940 C35E 1.1181 840 to 880 | | | | | | | | |

Table 13 — Heat treatment^a

^a The conditions given in this table are for guidance. However, the temperatures specified for the end quench test are mandatory.

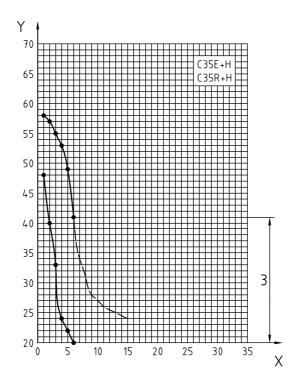
^b The temperatures at the lower end of the range are generally applicable to quenching in water and those at the upper end for quenching in oil.

^c Austenitizing period: at least 30 min (guide value).

^d When choosing the quenching agent the influence of other parameters, such as shape, dimensions, and quenching temperature on properties and crack susceptibility should be taken into account. Other quenching agents such as synthetic quenchants may also be used.

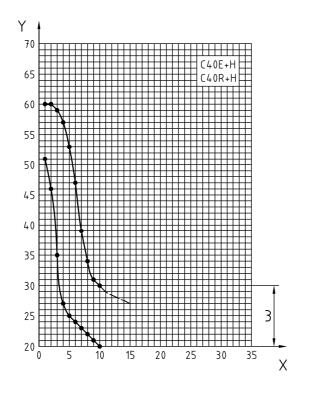
^e Tempering period: at least 60 min (guide value).

^f This table also applies for the special steel grades with specified hardenability (+H-, +HH- and +HL-grades) covered in Tables 5 to 7.



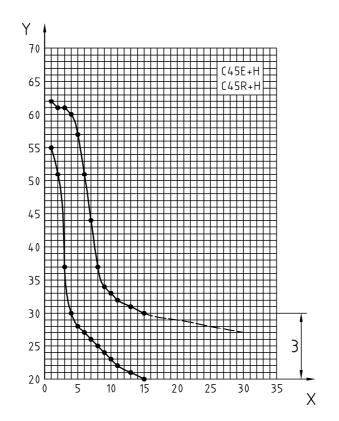
- X Y Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm
- Hardness, HRC
- 3 H-grade

Figure 1a — Scatter bands for the Rockwell-C hardness in the end quench hardenability test



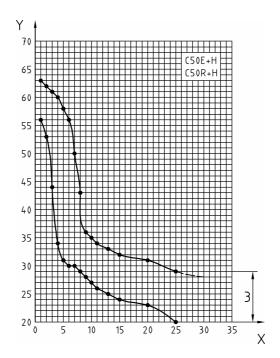
- X Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm
- Y Hardness, HRC
- 3 H-grade

Figure 1b — Scatter bands for the Rockwell-C hardness in the end quench hardenability test



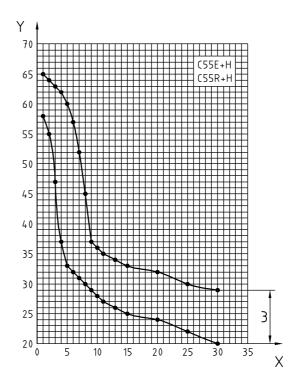
- X Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm
- Y Hardness, HRC
- 3 H-grade

Figure 1c — Scatter bands for the Rockwell-C hardness in the end quench hardenability test



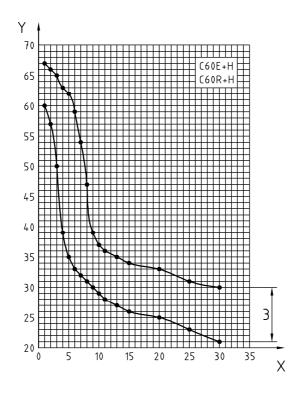
- Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm Hardness, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HRC}}$
- X Y
- 3 H-grade

Figure 1d — Scatter bands for the Rockwell-C hardness in the end quench hardenability test

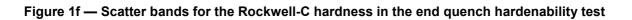


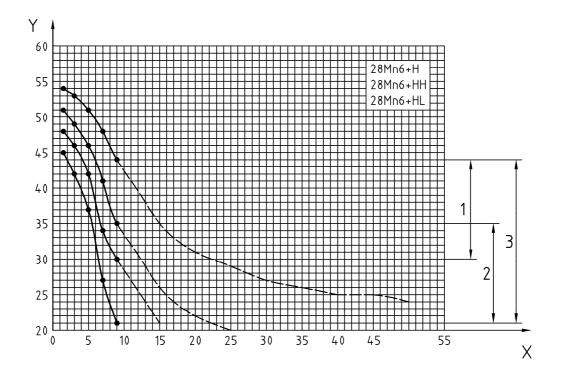
- X Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm
- Y Hardness, HRC
- 3 H-grade

Figure 1e — Scatter bands for the Rockwell-C hardness in the end quench hardenability test



- Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm Hardness, HRC X Y
- 3 H-grade





- X Distance from quenched end of test piece, mm
- Y Hardness, HRC
- 1 HH-grade
- 2 HL-grade
- 3 H-grade

Figure 1g — Scatter bands for the Rockwell-C hardness in the end quench hardenability test

Annex A (normative)

Options

NOTE One or more of the following supplementary or special requirements may be agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order. The details of these requirements may be agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser at the time of enquiry and order if necessary.

A.1 Mechanical properties of reference test pieces in the quenched and tempered condition

For deliveries in a condition other than quenched and tempered or normalized, the requirements for the mechanical properties in the quenched and tempered condition shall be verified on a reference test piece.

In the case of bars and rods, the sample to be quenched and tempered shall, unless otherwise agreed, have the cross-section of the product. In all other cases the dimensions and the manufacture of the sample shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order, where appropriate, while taking into consideration the indications for the determination of the ruling section given in EN 10083-1:2006, Annex A. The samples shall be quenched and tempered in accordance with the conditions given in Table 13 or as agreed at the time of enquiry and order. The details of the heat treatment shall be given in the inspection document. The test pieces shall, unless otherwise agreed, be taken in accordance with EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 1 for bars and rods and in accordance with EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 3 for flat products.

A.2 Mechanical properties of reference test pieces in the normalized condition

For deliveries in a condition other than quenched and tempered or normalized, the requirements for the mechanical properties in the normalized condition shall be verified on a reference test piece.

In the case of bars and rods, the sample to be normalized shall, unless otherwise agreed, have the crosssection of the product. In all other cases the dimensions and the preparation of the sample shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

The details of the heat treatment shall be given in the inspection document. The test pieces shall, unless otherwise agreed, be taken in accordance with EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 1 in the case of bars and rods and with EN 10083-1:2006, Figure 3 in the case of flat products.

A.3 Fine grain steel

When tested in accordance with EN ISO 643, the steel shall have an austenite grain size of 5 or finer. If specific testing is ordered, it shall also be agreed whether this grain size requirement is to be verified by determining the aluminium content or micrographically. In the first case, the aluminium content shall also be agreed.

In the second case, one test piece shall be inspected per cast for the determination of the austenitic grain size. Sampling and sample preparation shall be as specified in EN ISO 643.

Unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the quenched grain size shall be determined. Hardening shall be carried out under the following conditions for the purposes of determining the quenched grain size:

- for steels with a lower carbon content limit < 0,35 % : (880 ± 10) °C, 90 min/water;
- for steels with a lower carbon content limit ≥ 0.35 % : (850 ± 10) °C, 90 min/water.

In cases of dispute, pretreatment at 1150 °C for 30 min/air shall be carried out in order to produce a uniform starting condition.

A.4 Non-metallic inclusion content of special steels

This requirement is applicable to special steels. The microscopically determined non-metallic inclusion content shall be within agreed limits when tested according to a procedure to be agreed at the time of enquiry and order (see EN 10083-1:2006, Annex E).

NOTE 1 The requirements for non-metallic inclusion content apply in every case, however, verification requires a special agreement.

NOTE 2 For steels with a specified minimum sulphur content the agreements should only concern the oxides.

A.5 Non-destructive testing

Steel flat products of thickness equal to or greater than 6 mm shall be tested ultrasonically in accordance with EN 10160 and steel bars shall be tested ultrasonically in accordance with EN 10308. Other products shall be non-destructively tested in accordance with a method to be agreed at the time of enquiry and order and to acceptance criteria also to be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

A.6 Product analysis

One product analysis shall be carried out per cast for elements for which values are specified for the cast analysis of the steel type concerned.

The conditions for sampling shall be in accordance with EN ISO 14284. In the case of dispute about the analytical method, the chemical composition shall be determined in accordance with a reference method taken from one of the European Standards in CR 10261.

A.7 Special agreements for marking

The products shall be specially marked (e.g. by bar coding in accordance with EN 606) in a way agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order.

Annex B

(informative)

Comparison of steel grades specified in this European Standard and ISO 683-1:1987 and other steel grades previously standardized nationally

| EN 10083-2 | | ISO 683-1:1987 ^a | Germany ^a | | United Kingdom ^a | France ^ª | Italy ^a | Sweden SS - steel | Spain ^a | |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Name | Number | | Name | Number | | | | | Name | Number |
| C35 | 1.0501 | (C35) | C 35 | 1.0501 | - | [AF55C35] | (C35) | - | - | - |
| C40 | 1.0511 | (C40) | C 40 | 1.0511 | - | [AF60C40] | (C40) | - | - | - |
| C45 | 1.0503 | (C45) | C 45 | 1.0503 | (080M46) | [AF65C45] | (C45) | - | - | - |
| C55 | 1.0535 | (C55) | C 55 | 1.0535 | - | [AF70C55] | (C55) | - | - | - |
| C60 | 1.0601 | (C60) | C 60 | 1.0601 | - | - | (C60) | - | - | - |
| C22E C22R | 1.1151 1.1149 | - | (Ck 22) (Cm 22) | (1.1151) (1.1149) | (070M20) - | [XC 18] [XC 18u] | (C25) (C25) | - | - | - |
| C35E C35R | 1.1181 1.1180 | (C 35 E4) (C 35 M2) | (Ck 35) Cm 35 | (1.1181) 1.1180 | (080M36) - | [XC 38 H1] [XC 38 H1u] | (C35) (C35) | 1572 - | C35K C35K1 | F1130 F1135(1) |
| C40E C40R | 1.1186 1.1189 | (C 40 E4) (C 40 M2) | (Ck 40) Cm 40 | (1.1186) 1.1189 | (080M40) - | [XC 42 H1] [XC 42 H1u] | (C40) (C40) | - | - | - |
| C45E C45R | 1.1191 1.1201 | (C 45 E4) (C 45 M2) | (Ck 45) Cm 45 | (1.1191) 1.1201 | (080M46) - | [XC 48 H1] [XC 48 H1u] | (C45) (C45) | 1672 - | C45K C45K1 | F1140 F1145(1) |
| C50E C50R | 1.1206 1.1241 | (C 50 E4) (C 50 M2) | (Ck 50) Cm 50 | (1.1206) 1.1241 | (080M50) - | - | (C50) (C50) | 1674 - | - | - |
| C55E C55R | 1.1203 1.1209 | (C 55 E4) (C 55 M2) | (Ck 55) Cm 55 | (1.1203) 1.1209 | (070M55) - | [XC 55 H1] [XC 55 H1u] | (C55) (C55) | - | C55K C55K1 | F1150 F1155(1) |
| C60E C60R | 1.1221 1.1223 | (C 60 E4) (C 60 M2) | (Ck 60) Cm 60 | (1.1221) 1.1223 | (070M60) - | | (C60) (C60) | - | - | - |
| 28Mn6 | 1.1170 | (28Mn6) | (28 Mn 6) | (1.1170) | (150M28) | - | - | - | - | - |

Table B.1 — Comparison of steel grades

^a If a steel grade is given in round brackets, this means that the chemical composition differs only slightly from EN 10083-2. If it is given in square brackets, this means that greater differences exist in the chemical composition compared with EN 10083-2. If there are no brackets around the steel grade, this means that there are practically no differences in the chemical composition compared with EN 10083-2. If there are no brackets around the steel grade, this means that there are practically no differences in the chemical composition compared with EN 10083-2.

Bibliography

[1] EN 10021, General technical delivery requirements for steel and iron products

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