BS EN 20898-7:1995 ISO 898-7: 1992

Mechanical properties of fasteners —

Part 7: Torsional test and minimum torques for bolts and screws with nominal diameters 1 mm to 10 mm

The European Standard EN 20898-7:1995 has the status of a British Standard



Committees responsible for this British Standard

The preparation of this British Standard was entrusted to Technical Committee GME/9, Bolts, nuts and accessories, upon which the following bodies were represented:

BEAMA Ltd.

British Constructional Steelwork Association Ltd.

British Industrial Fasteners Federation

British Steel Industry

British Steel Industry (Wire Section)

Gauge and Tool Makers' Association

National Association of Fastener Stockholders

Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders Ltd.

Washer Manufacturers, Association of Great Britain

The following bodies also participated in the preparation of the standard, through subcommittees and panels:

British Stainless Steel Association British Turned-parts Manufacturers' Association Galvanizers' Association Institute of Metal Finishing

Metal Finishing Association

National Centre of Tribology

This British Standard, having been prepared under the direction of the Engineering Sector Board, was published under the authority of the Standards Board and comes into effect on 15 July 1995

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The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard: Committee reference GME/9 Draft for comment 90/80108 DC

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National foreword

This British Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee GME/9 and is the English language version of EN 20898-7:1995 *Mechanical properties of fasteners — Part 7: Torsional test and minimum torques for bolts and screws with nominal diameters 1 mm to 10 mm* published by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN). It is identical with ISO 898-7:1992, published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). EN 20898-7:1995 was produced as a result of international discussions in which the United Kingdom took an active part.

Cross-reference

Publication referred to Corresponding British Standard

ISO 898-1:1988 BS EN 20898 Mechanical properties of fasteners

Part 1:1992 Specification for bolts, screws and studs

A British Standard does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users of British Standards are responsible for their correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i and ii, the EN title page, pages 2 to 6, an inside back cover and a back cover.

This standard has been updated (see copyright date) and may have had amendments incorporated. This will be indicated in the amendment table on the inside front cover.

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Mechanical properties of fasteners — Part 7: Torsional test and minimum torques for bolts and screws with nominal diameters 1 mm to 10 mm

(ISO 898-7:1992)

Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation —

Partie 7: Essai de torsion et couples minimaux de rupture des vis de diamètre nominal de filetage de 1 mm à 10 mm (ISO 898-7:1992) Mechanische Eigenschaften von Verbindungselementen — Teil 7: Torsionsversuch und Mindest-Bruchdrehmomente für Schrauben mit Nenndurchmessern 1 mm bis 10 mm (ISO 898-7:1992)

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CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 36, B-1050 Brussels

Foreword

This European Standard has been taken over by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 185, *Threaded and non-threaded mechanical fasteners and accessories*, from the work of ISO/TC 2, *Fasteners*, of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 1995, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 1995.

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 NOTE $\,$ Normative references to international publications are listed in Annex ZA (normative).

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1 Scope

This part of ISO 898 specifies a torsional test for the determination of the breaking torque of bolts and screws with nominal diameters 1 mm to 10 mm with property classes 8.8 to 12.9 in accordance with ISO 898-1. The test applies to bolts and screws with thread less than M3 for which no breaking and proof loads are indicated in ISO 898-1, as well as to short bolts and screws with nominal diameters 3 mm to 10 mm which cannot be subjected to a tensile test. The minimum breaking torques are not valid for hexagon socket set screws.

2 Normative reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 898. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 898 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 898-1:1988, Mechanical properties of fasteners — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs.

3 Torsional test

3.1 Principle

Determination of the breaking torque by clamping the bolt or screw to be tested into a test device.

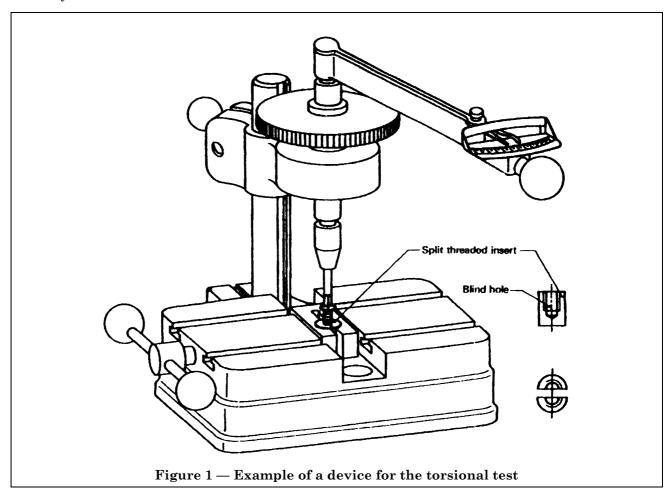
3.2 Apparatus

3.2.1 *Test device for torsional test*, such as is shown in Figure 1.

3.2.2 *Torquemeter,* with a scale which shall not exceed to quintuple of the respective minimum breaking torque. The minimum inaccuracy of the torquemeter shall be \pm 7 % of the minimum breaking torque to be tested.

3.3 Test conditions

The bolt or screw shall be exclusively subjected to torsion whereby the respective minimum breaking torque according to Table 2 shall be reached before rupture occurs. The test result shall not be influenced by head friction or by thread friction.



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3.4 Procedure

Clamp the bolt or screw into the test device over at least two full threads, having a free thread length of at least one thread diameter present between the head of the bolt or screw and the threaded insert (see Figure 1). Apply the torque in a continuously increasing manner.

4 Minimum breaking torques

The following formula applies to the determination of the minimum breaking torques:

$$M_{
m B\;min}$$
 = $au_{
m B\;min}$ · $W_{
m p\;min}$ with

$$W_{\text{p min}} = \frac{\pi}{16} \cdot d_{3 \text{ min}}^3$$

and

$$\tau_{\rm B \; min} = X \cdot R_{\rm m \; min}$$

where

 $M_{
m B\,min}$ is the minimum breaking torque

(see Table 2);

 au_{B} is the torsional strength;

 $W_{\rm p}$ is the polar moment of resistance;

 $d_{3 \text{ min}}$ is the minimum value of the minor diameter of the external thread;

 $R_{\rm m}$ is the tensile strength; and

X is the strength ratio $\tau_{\rm B}/R_{\rm m}$ (see Table 1).

5 Evaluation of the torque test

The tested bolt or screw is regarded as having passed the torque test if no rupture occurs before the minimum breaking torques specified in Table 2 are reached.

Table 1 — Strength ration X

Property class	8.8	9.8	10.9	12.9
Ratio X	0,84	0,815	0,79	0,75

Table 2 — Minimum breaking torques

		Minimum breaking torque $^{ m a}$ $M_{ m Bmin}$				
	Pitch					
Thread	mm	N m				
		Property class				
		8.8	9.8	10.9	12.9	
M1	0,25	0,033	0,036	0,040	0,045	
M1,2	0,25	0,075	0,082	0,092	0,10	
M1,4	0,3	0,12	0,13	0,14	0,16	
M1,6	0,35	0,16	0,18	0,20	0,22	
M2	0,4	0,37	0,40	0,45	0,50	
M2,5	0,45	0,82	0,90	1,0	1,1	
M3	0,5	1,5	1,7	1,9	2,1	
M3,5	0,6	2,4	2,7	3,0	3,3	
M4	0,7	3,6	3,9	4,4	4,9	
M5	0,8	7,6	8,3	9,3	10	
M6	1	13	14	16	17	
M7	1	23	25	28	31	
M8	1,25	33	36	40	44	
M8 × 1		38	42	46	52	
M10	1,5	66	72	81	90	
M10 × 1	_	84	92	102	114	
M10 × 1,25	_	75	82	91	102	

^a These minimum breaking torques are valid for bolts and screws with the thread tolerances 6g, 6f and 6e.

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Annex A (informative) Explanatory note

ISO 898-1 contains property classes for bolts and screws but only indicates minimum breaking loads and proof loads for threads equal to or greater than M3 because in the case of smaller bolts and screws the influence of the thread tolerances and the tolerances of the test device is such that an exact determination of breaking loads and proof loads is not possible.

Also since bolts and screws with threads greater than M3 up to approximately M10 often cannot be subjected to a tensile test (or proof load test) due to their short lengths, minimum breaking torques have been specified for bolts and screws M1 to M10 (including the fine pitch threads M8 \times 1, M10 \times 1 and M10 \times 1,25) which allow an evaluation of the functional properties of the bolts and screws. For the time being, minimum breaking torques can be specified for property classes 8.8 to 12.9 only, because for lower property classes the test results are widely scattered and therefore more studies are required.

The indicated minimum breaking torques are to be applied without taking account of friction and the type of test device is optional according to this part of ISO 898. Figure 1 is only an example of a suitable test device.

The minimum breaking torques have been determined on the basis of cross-sections resulting from the minimum values of the minor diameter of the thread tolerance 6g. Tests have shown that the torques can also be used for bolts and screws with thread tolerances 6f and 6e.

Annex ZA (normative) Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

Publication	Year	Title	EN	Year
ISO 898-1	1988	Mechanical properties of fasteners — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs	EN 20898-1	1991

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List of references

See national foreword.

BS EN 20898-7:1995 ISO 898-7: 1992

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